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# **Inquiry-Based Learning**

#### General

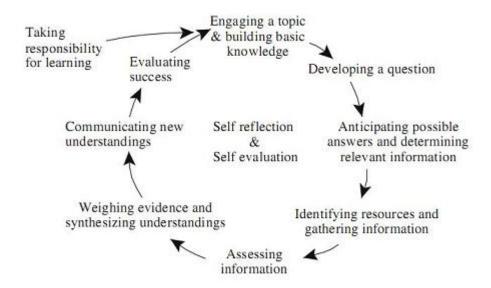
Inquiry-based learning (also enquiry-based learning, inquiry learning or inquiry-guided learning) is a constructivist instructional strategy widely adopted in the **1970s**<sup>1)</sup> and based on John Dewey's views on learning as **active**, **learner-centered** process which should be based on **real-world examples** instead of rote fact memorization. *Inquiry* represents questioning which fosters curiosity in students. Although different authors suggest different inquiry-based strategies, they are usually used to promote alone or collaborative,

• "active, and increasingly independent, investigation of questions, problems and issues, often for which there is no single answer."<sup>2)</sup>

## What is inquiry-based learning?

The idea of inquiry-based learning is to foster characteristics of good learners and encourage them in the educational process. These characteristics<sup>3)</sup> include confidence in the ability to learn, enjoying problem-solving, trusting one's own judgement, not fearing being wrong, a flexible point of view, and respect for facts. These qualities, according to Postman and Weingartner<sup>4)</sup> can be fostered through an approach in which the teacher:

- rarely tells the students what they need to know since that would reduce their excitement in finding things out on their own,
- interacts with students mostly through questioning and encourages students to interact among themselves,
- does not accept short answers, but rather tries to deepen them by further guestioning,
- rarely summarizes what students' discussion and what they have learned since learning is a continuous process.



The **inquiry-based process of learning** can be described as a cycle based on these activities mainly through following main steps:

- **Questioning** and curiosity provoked through questioning by the teacher together with taking the responsibility for their own learning by the students starts this process of learning.
- Investigation, gathering of information and **studying materials**, observing and other related activities are then expected to be performed by the students.
- This is followed by a **synthesis** of collected information, building hypotheses and possible explanations and planing on how to prove them.
- Development and presentation of **explanations**. **New questions** may arise at this point.
- Reflection on the original question, the research path, and the conclusions. Newly arisen questions form the beginning of a new cycle.

These steps in general are quite similar to the steps of problem-based learning. Differences between these two approaches are minimal according to some<sup>5)</sup> and appear only in their origins (problem-based learning was developed in medical education and inquiry-based learning in science education), other suggest it is the role of the teacher:

• "In an inquiry-based approach the tutor is both a facilitator of learning (encouraging/expecting higher-order thinking) and a provider of information. In a PBL approach... the tutor does not provide information related to the problem — that is the responsibility of the learners.". 61

Some authors suggest different inquiry-based learning modes depending on the level of scaffolding<sup>7)</sup>:

- structured inquiry when teacher presents a problem and main frames for addressing it,
- guided inquiry when teacher provides questions to motivate students, but the research they
  do is self-directed, and
- open inquiry when students formulate questions and investigate them themselves.

Advantages of inquiry-based learning are **increase in students motivation**, active approach to learning, academic skills and intellectual habits<sup>8)</sup>. Students are also encouraged to develop of critical thinking, **reflect on their learning**, use different learning resources and gain **deeper understanding of the course concepts**.<sup>9)</sup>

Various areas in which inquiry-based learning has been applied include ecology, endocrinology, political communication, engineering and sociology<sup>10)</sup>.

## What is the practical meaning of inquiry-based learning?

An example of inquiry-based learning is learning about language using a Star-Trek episode as a motivator<sup>11)</sup>. In the Star Trek: The Next Generation episode "Darmok" viewers are introduced to the concept of *Tamarian language* spoken by an alien civilization. Weather this invented language could be an actual human language was debated by many professional linguists. A possible instructional plan for learning about language characteristics based on this episode is the following:

- Show students the "Darmok" episode
- Pose the problem to them: could *Tamarian* be a human language?
- Provide students with resource materials or encourage them to look them up themselves.
- Assist them if necessary on how to research the question and conduct analysis of language

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properties.

• Analysis of results and reflection.

#### **Criticisms**

## **Keywords**

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