

What is Learning

Definitions of Learning

There is no single accepted definition of learning, since it depends on one's point of view¹⁾. Some of the definitions we found useful are listed here.

Learning is:

- a visible change in one's behavior which can be measured²⁾
- the active process of acquisition (including insight, information processing, memory, perception) of new knowledge and developing adequate mental constructions³⁾
- a natural desire of human beings, a mean of self-actualization and developing personal potentials⁴⁾
- “acquiring new or modifying existing knowledge, behaviors, skills, values, or preferences and may involve synthesizing different types of information.”⁵⁾
- “all relatively permanent changes in potential for behavior that result from experience but are not due to fatigue, maturation, drugs, injury, or disease.”⁶⁾
- “a relatively permanent change in behavior due to experience. This refers to a change in behavior, an external change that we can observe.”⁷⁾
- “a relatively permanent change in mental associations due to experience. This definition focuses on a change in mental associations, an internal change that we cannot observe.”⁸⁾

1)

See: [Learning paradigms](#)

2)

See: [Behaviorism](#).

3)

See: [Cognitivism](#)

4)

See: [Humanism](#)

5)

Wikipedia: Learning. Retrieved September 6th, 2011. Updated August 11th, 2011.

6)

Lefrancois, G. R. Theories of Human Learning: What the Old Man Said. Belmont, CA: Wadsworth/Thompson Learning. 2000.

7)

Behaviorist definition. Ormrod, J.E. Human learning (3rd ed.). Upper Saddle River, NJ: Prentice-Hall. 1999.

8)

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